CLAIMS

1. A method of cleaning, disinfecting or inhibiting microbial growth on a hard surface, wherein the surface is contacted with a composition comprising a haloperoxidase, a hydrogen peroxide source, a halide source, and an ammonium source of the formula:

R1 HN R2

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wherein R1 and R2 independently are any of the following radicals: hydrogen, halide, sulphate, phenyl, a straight or branched chain alkyl having from 1 to 14 carbon atoms, or a substituted straight or branched alkyl group having from 1 to 14 carbon atoms where the substituent group is located at C_3 - C_{18} and is any of the following radicals: hydroxy, halogen, formyl, carboxy, and esters and salts hereof, carbamoyl, sulfo, or ester or salt thereof, sulfamoyl, nitro, amino, phenyl, $C_1 - C_5$ -alkoxy, carbonyl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, aryl- C_1 -C₅-alkyl; which carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, and amino groups unsubstituted or substituted once or twice with a substituent group R3; and which phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituent group's R3; and which C_1 - C_{14} -alkyl, C_1 - C_5 alkoxy, carbonyl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, \and aryl- C_1 - C_5 -alkyl groups unsaturated, branched or or unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituent groups R3:

wherein R3 is any of the following radicals: halogen, hydroxy, formyl, carboxy and esters and salts hereof, carbamoyl, sulfo or ester or salt thereof, sulfamoyl, nitro, amino, phenyl, aminoalkyl, piperidino, piperazinyl, pyrrolidin-1-yl, C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, C_1 - C_5 -alkoxy; which carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, and amino groups are unsubstituted or substituted once or twice with hydroxy, C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, C_1 - C_5 -alkoxy; and which phenyl is unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of the following radicals: halogen, hydroxy, amino, formyl, carboxy and esters and salts hereof, carbamoyl, sulfo or ester or salt thereof, and sulfamoyl; and which C_1 - C_5 -alkyl, and C_1 - C_5 -alkoxy groups are saturated or

unsaturated, branched or unbranched, and unsubstituted or substituted once or twice with any of the following radicals: halogen, hydroxy, amino, formyl, carboxy or ester or salt thereof, carbamoyl, sulfo or ester or salt thereof, and sulfamoyl;

or R1 and R2 form a group -B-, in which B is any of the following groups: (-CHR3-N=N-), $(-CH=CH-)_n$ or $(-CH=N-)_n$ in which groups nis an integer of from 1 to 3.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the haloperoxidase is obtainable from fungi, bacteria, or algae.
 - 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the haloperoxidase is obtainable from a fungus selected from the group consisting of Caldariomyces, Alternaria, Curvularia, Drechslera, Ulocladium and Botrytis.
 - 4. The method of claim; 3, wherein the haloperoxidase is obtainable from <u>Curvularia</u>.
 - 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the haloperoxidase is obtainable from <u>Curvularia venruculosa</u>.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the haloperoxidase is obtainable from <u>Curvularia vertuculosa</u> CBS 147.63, or the haloperoxidase is immunologically cross-reactive with the haloperoxidase obtainable from <u>Curvularia vertuculosa</u> CBS 147.63.
- 7. The method of claim 2, wherein the haloperoxidase is obtainable from a bacterium selected from the group consisting of Pseudomonas and Streptomyces.
 - 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the haloperoxidase is a Vanadium peroxidase.

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- 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the haloperoxidase is a chloride peroxidase or a bromide peroxidase.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the source of hydrogen peroxide is hydrogen peroxide, or a hydrogen peroxide precursor, or a hydrogen peroxide generating enzyme system, or a peroxycarboxylic acid or a salt thereof.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the halide source is a halide salt.
 - 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the halide source is sodium chloride, potassium chloride, sodium bromide, potassium bromide, sodium iodide, or potassium iodide.
 - 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the ammonium source is an ammonium salt.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the ammonium source is diammonium sulphate, ammonium chloride, ammonium bromide, or ammonium iodide.
 - 15. The method of claim 1 wherein the ammonium source is an aminoalcohol.
 - 16. The method of claim 1, wherein said composition is an aqueous composition.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the concentration of the haloperoxidase is in the range of from 0.01-100 mg enzyme protein per liter.
 - 18. The method of claim 16, wherein the concentration of the hydrogen peroxide source corresponds to 0.01-1000 mM.

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- 19. The method of claim 16, wherein the concentration of the halide source corresponds to 0.01-1000 mM.
- 20. The method of claim 16, wherein the concentration of the ammonium source corresponds to 0.01-1000 mM.
- 21. The method of claim 1, wherein the composition is a granulate.
- 22. The method of claim 1, wherein the hard surface is a process equipment such as a member of a cooling tower, a water treatment plant, a dairy, a food processing plant, a chemical or pharmaceutical process plant.
- 15 23. The method of claim 22, wherein the hard surface is a surface of water sanitation equipment.
 - 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the hard surface is a surface of equipment for paper pulp processing.

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